

We claim:

- 1 1. A method comprising:  
2 providing a first communications service with a first guaranteed bandwidth, the  
3 first communications service being offered over an optical ring; and  
4 providing a second communications service on the optical ring, the second  
5 communications service having a maximum bandwidth and a guaranteed  
6 minimum bandwidth.
- 1 2. The method of claim 1 wherein the first communications service is  
2 telecommunications.
- 1 3. The method of claim 1 wherein the first communications service is data  
2 communications.
- 1 4. The method of claim 1 wherein the second communications service is data  
2 communications.
- 1 5. A machine-readable medium that provides instructions, which when executed  
2 by a set of processors, cause said set of processors to perform operations comprising:  
3 allocating a pipe from part of a working channel and at least part of a protecting  
4 channel of a span of a bi-directional line switched ring (BLSR), the pipe  
5 having a bandwidth;  
6 transmitting a set of layer 2/3 traffic in the pipe; and  
7 reducing the pipe's bandwidth when a failure occurs in the ring.
- 1 6. The machine-readable medium of claim 5 wherein said set of layer 2/3 traffic is  
2 transmitted in the working channel part of the pipe while there is a failure and a second  
3 set of Layer 2/3 traffic is transmitted in the remaining protection channel part of the  
4 pipe while there is a failure.

- 1 7. The machine-readable medium of claim 5 wherein said set of layer 2/3 traffic is  
2 multiplexed with a second set of Layer 2/3 traffic while there is a failure and the  
3 multiplexed set of Layer 2/3 traffic is transmitted in the reduced pipe while there is a  
4 failure.
- 1 8. The machine-readable medium of claim 5 wherein a second set of Layer 2/3  
2 traffic is switched onto the protection channel part of the reduced pipe by BLSR  
3 automatic protection switching while there is a failure.
- 1 9. The machine-readable medium of claim 5 wherein the working channel and  
2 protecting channel comprise a set of timeslots.
- 1 10. The machine-readable medium of claim 5 wherein the working channel and  
2 protecting channel comprise a set of frequencies.
- 1 11. The machine-readable medium of claim 5 wherein the pipe is provisioned on  
2 every span of the BLSR.
- 1 12. The machine-readable medium of claim 5 further comprising:  
2 prioritizing the set of layer 2/3 traffic and a second set of layer 2/3 traffic while  
3 there is a failure;  
4 multiplexing the prioritized set of layer 2/3 traffic and the second set of layer  
5 2/3 traffic; and  
6 transmitting the multiplexed set of layer 2/3 traffic and the second set of layer  
7 2/3 traffic in the reduced pipe while there is a failure.
- 1 13. The machine-readable medium of claim 5 further comprising changing  
2 concatenation of the set of layer 2/3 traffic when the failure occurs and when the failure  
3 is corrected.
- 1 14. The machine-readable medium of claim 5 further comprising allocating a  
2 second pipe having a second bandwidth on a second span of the BLSR.

- 1 15. A machine-readable medium that provides instructions, which when executed  
2 by a set of processors, cause said set of processors to perform operations comprising:  
3 allocating a working pipe from part of a working channel and a protecting pipe  
4 from part of a protecting channel of a bi-directional line switched ring  
5 (BLSR), the working pipe having a first bandwidth and the protecting  
6 pipe having a second bandwidth;  
7 transmitting a first set of layer 2/3 traffic in the working pipe and the protecting  
8 pipe;  
9 protection switching a set of protected optical traffic into part of the protecting  
10 channel while there is a failure on the BLSR;  
11 reducing the combined bandwidth of the working pipe and the protecting pipe in  
12 response to the protection switch;  
13 transmitting the first set of layer 2/3 traffic in the working pipe while there is a  
14 failure on the BLSR; and  
15 transmitting a second set of layer 2/3 traffic in the protecting while there is a  
16 failure on the BLSR.
- 1 16. The machine-readable medium of claim 15 wherein the protecting pipe utilizes  
2 less than all of the protecting channel while there is not a failure on the BLSR.
- 1 17. The machine-readable medium of claim 15 wherein the second set of layer 2/3  
2 traffic is switched into the protecting pipe by BLSR automatic protection switching.
- 1 18. The machine-readable medium of claim 15 wherein the working channel and  
2 protecting channel comprise a set of timeslots.
- 3 19. The machine-readable medium of claim 15 wherein the working channel and  
4 protecting channel comprise a set of frequencies.
- 1 20. The machine-readable medium of claim 15 wherein the working pipe and the  
2 protecting pipe are provisioned on every span of the BLSR.

21. The machine-readable medium of claim 15 further comprising changing concatenation of the first and second set of layer 2/3 traffic to transmit said first and second set of layer 2/3 traffic in the working pipe and protecting pipe respectively.

22. The machine-readable medium of claim 15 further comprising provisioning a second working pipe from a second working channel and a second protecting pipe from a second protecting channel of the BLSR, the second working pipe having no more than the second bandwidth and the second protecting pipe having at least the first bandwidth.

23. A machine-readable medium that provides instructions, which when executed by a set of processors, cause said set of processors to perform operations comprising:  
allocating a pipe from part of a working channel and at least part of a protecting channel of a span of a bi-directional line switched ring (BLSR), the pipe having a bandwidth while there is not a failure on the BLSR;  
transmitting a set of layer 2/3 traffic in the pipe;  
reducing the pipe's bandwidth when a failure occurs in the ring; and  
transmitting the set of layer 2/3 traffic in the reduced pipe while there is a failure.

24. The machine-readable medium of claim 23 wherein the working channel and protecting channel comprise a set of timeslots.

25. The machine-readable medium of claim 23 wherein the working channel and protecting channel comprise a set of frequencies.

26. The machine-readable medium of claim 23 wherein the pipe is provisioned on every span of the BLSR.

27. The machine-readable medium of claim 23 further comprising:  
multiplexing said set of layer 2/3 traffic and a second set of layer 2/3 traffic; and  
transmitting the multiplexed layer 2/3 traffic through the reduced pipe.

1 28. The machine-readable medium of claim 23 further comprising:  
 2 prioritizing the set of layer 2/3 traffic and a second set of layer 2/3 traffic;  
 3 multiplexing the set of layer 2/3 traffic and the second set of layer 2/3 traffic  
 4 based on priority; and  
 5 transmitting the multiplexed layer 2/3 traffic through the reduced pipe.

1 29. The machine-readable medium of claim 23 further comprising changing  
 2 concatenation of the set of layer 2/3 traffic to transmit the set of layer 2/3 traffic  
 3 through the reduced pipe.

1 30. The machine-readable medium of claim 23 further comprising allocating a  
 2 second pipe having a second bandwidth on a second span of the BLSR.

1 31. A machine-readable medium that provides instructions, which when executed  
 2 by a set of processors, cause said set of processors to perform operations comprising:  
 3 allocating a pipe from part of a working channel and at least part of a protecting  
 4 channel of a span of a bi-directional line switched ring (BLSR), the pipe  
 5 having a bandwidth while there is not a failure on the BLSR;  
 6 transmitting a first set of layer 2/3 traffic in the pipe while there is not a failure  
 7 on the BLSR;  
 8 reducing the pipe's bandwidth when a failure occurs in the BLSR;  
 9 multiplexing said first set of layer 2/3 traffic and a second set of layer 2/3 traffic  
 10 while there is a failure; and  
 11 transmitting the multiplexed layer 2/3 traffic in the reduced pipe while there is a  
 12 failure.

1 32. The machine-readable medium of claim 31 wherein the working channel and  
 2 protecting channel comprise a set of timeslots.

1 33. The machine-readable medium of claim 31 wherein the working channel and  
 2 protecting channel comprise a set of frequencies.

1 34. The machine-readable medium of claim 31 wherein the pipe is provisioned on  
2 every span of the BLSR.

1 35. The machine-readable medium of claim 31 further comprising prioritizing the  
2 first and second set of layer 2/3 traffic before multiplexing.

1 36. The machine-readable medium of claim 31 further comprising changing  
2 concatenation of the first and second set of layer 2/3 traffic to transmit said first and  
3 second set of layer 2/3 traffic through the reduced pipe.

37. The machine-readable medium of claim 31 further comprising allocating a  
second pipe having a second bandwidth on a second span of the BLSR.

38. A network element comprising:  
a control card to detect failures on an optical ring, to reduce a pipe's bandwidth while there is a failure on the optical ring, and to restore the pipe's bandwidth while there is not a failure on the optical ring; and  
an optical processing circuitry coupled to the control card, the optical processing circuitry to transmit and receive a set of optically switched traffic, the set of optically switched traffic having a set of layer 2/3 traffic.

1 39. The network element of claim 38 wherein the optical processing circuitry  
2 transmits the set of layer 2/3 traffic in the reduced pipe in response to the control card  
3 performs automatic protection switching.

1 40. The network element of claim 38 further comprising said optical processing  
2 circuitry to transmit the set of optically switched traffic through the pipe while there is  
3 not a failure in the ring and to transmit the set of optically switched traffic through the  
4 reduced pipe while there is a failure in said ring.

1 41. The network element of claim 38 further comprising a layer 2/3 processing  
2 circuitry coupled to the optical processing circuitry, the layer 2/3 circuitry to receive a  
3 second and third set of layer 2/3 traffic, multiplex the second and third set of layer 2/3  
4 traffic, and transmit the multiplexed set of layer 2/3 traffic to the optical processing  
5 circuitry.

1 42. The network element of claim 38 further comprising a layer 2/3 processing  
2 circuitry coupled to the optical processing circuitry, the layer 2/3 circuitry to receive a  
3 second and third set of layer 2/3 traffic, prioritize the second and third set of layer 2/3  
4 traffic, multiplex the second and third set of layer 2/3 traffic based on priority, and  
5 transmit the multiplexed set of layer 2/3 traffic to the optical processing circuitry.

1 43. The network element of claim 38 further comprising said control card to direct a  
2 first set of layer 2/3 traffic to a first segment of the pipe and a second set of layer 2/3  
3 traffic to a second segment of said pipe.

1 44. The network element of claim 38 further comprising the control card to  
2 reprogram concatenations when failures occur and when failures are corrected.

1 45. An apparatus comprising:  
2 a control card to detect failures in a ring, to reduce a pipe's bandwidth while  
3 there is a failure in the ring, and to restore the pipe's bandwidth while  
4 there is not a failure in the ring;  
5 a first processing circuitry coupled to the control card, the first processing  
6 circuitry to receive a first set of optically switched traffic and to extract a  
7 first set of layer 2/3 traffic from the first set of optically switched traffic;  
8 a second processing circuitry coupled to the first processing circuitry, the  
9 second processing circuitry to transmit the extracted first set of layer 2/3  
10 traffic through a packet mesh;  
11 a third processing circuitry coupled to the second processing circuitry, the third  
12 processing circuitry to receive the first set of layer 2/3 traffic, process

13 the first set of layer 2/3 traffic, and to transmit the first set of layer 2/3  
14 traffic; and  
15 a fourth processing circuitry coupled to the control card and the third processing  
16 circuitry, the fourth processing circuitry to receive the first set of layer  
17 2/3 traffic and transmit the first set of layer 2/3 traffic into the pipe.

1 46. The apparatus of claim 45 wherein said first and fourth processing circuitry are  
2 time division multiplex processing circuitry.

1 47. The apparatus of claim 45 wherein said first and fourth processing circuitry are  
2 wave division multiplex processing circuitry.

1 48. The apparatus of claim 45 further comprising the control card to protect the first  
2 set of layer 2/3 traffic with automatic protection switching.

1 49. The apparatus of claim 45 further comprising the third processing circuitry to  
2 multiplex the first set of layer 2/3 traffic with a second set of layer 2/3 traffic while  
3 there is a failure on the ring.

1 50. The apparatus of claim 45 further comprising the third processing circuitry to  
2 prioritize the first set of layer 2/3 traffic and a second set of layer 2/3 traffic and to  
3 multiplex the first set of layer 2/3 traffic with the second set of layer 2/3 traffic based  
4 on priority while there is a failure on the ring.

1 51. The apparatus of claim 45 further comprising the control card to reprogram  
2 concatenations on the optical third and fourth processing circuitry in response to the  
3 ring changing between failure and non-failure states.

1 52. The apparatus of claim 45 further comprising a second pipe on the ring, said  
2 second pipe having a bandwidth different from said pipe.



- 1 53. A computer implemented method comprising:  
2 allocating a pipe from part of a working channel and at least part of a protecting  
3 channel of a span of a bi-directional line switched ring (BLSR), the pipe  
4 having a bandwidth;  
5 transmitting a set of layer 2/3 traffic in the pipe; and  
6 reducing the pipe's bandwidth when a failure occurs in the ring.
- 1 54. The computer implemented method of claim 53 wherein said set of layer 2/3  
2 traffic is transmitted in the working channel part of the pipe while there is a failure and  
3 a second set of Layer 2/3 traffic is transmitted in the remaining protection channel part  
4 of the pipe while there is a failure.
- 1 55. The computer implemented method of claim 53 wherein said set of layer 2/3  
2 traffic is multiplexed with a second set of Layer 2/3 traffic while there is a failure and  
3 the multiplexed set of Layer 2/3 traffic is transmitted in the reduced pipe while there is  
4 a failure.
- 1 56. The computer implemented method of claim 53 wherein a second set of Layer  
2 2/3 traffic is switched onto the protection channel part of the reduced pipe by BLSR  
3 automatic protection switching while there is a failure.
- 1 57. The computer implemented method of claim 53 wherein the working channel  
2 and protecting channel comprise a set of timeslots.
- 1 58. The computer implemented method of claim 53 wherein the working channel  
2 and protecting channel comprise a set of frequencies.
- 1 59. The computer implemented method of claim of claim 53 wherein the pipe is  
2 provisioned on every span of the BLSR.

1 60. The computer implemented method of claim 53 further comprising:  
2 prioritizing the set of layer 2/3 traffic and a second set of layer 2/3 traffic while  
3 there is a failure;  
4 multiplexing the prioritized set of layer 2/3 traffic and the second set of layer  
5 2/3 traffic; and  
6 transmitting the multiplexed set of layer 2/3 traffic and the second set of layer  
7 2/3 traffic in the reduced pipe while there is a failure.

1 61. The computer implemented method of claim 53 further comprising changing  
2 concatenation of the set of layer 2/3 traffic when the failure occurs and when the failure  
3 is corrected.

1 62. The computer implemented method of claim 53 further comprising allocating a  
2 second pipe having a second bandwidth on a second span of the BLSR.

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